Review of Recommendations

Recommendation 1.

Build on students' informal understanding of sharing and proportionality to develop initial fraction concepts.

- Use equal-sharing activities to introduce the concept of fractions. Use sharing activities that involve dividing sets of objects as well as single whole objects.
- Extend equal-sharing activities to develop students' understanding of ordering and equivalence of fractions.
- Build on students' informal understanding to develop more advanced understanding of proportional reasoning concepts. Begin with activities that involve similar proportions, and progress to activities that involve ordering different proportions.

Recommendation 2.

Help students recognize that fractions are numbers and that they expand the number system beyond whole numbers. Use number lines as a central representational tool in teaching this and other fraction concepts from the early grades onward.

- Use measurement activities and number lines to help students understand that fractions are numbers, with all the properties that numbers share.
- Provide opportunities for students to locate and compare fractions on number lines.
- Use number lines to improve students' understanding of fraction equivalence, fraction density (the concept that there are an infinite number of fractions between any two fractions), and negative fractions.
- Help students understand that fractions can be represented as common fractions, decimals, and percentages, and develop students' ability to translate among these forms.

Recommendation 3.

Help students understand why procedures for computations with fractions make sense.

- Use area models, number lines, and other visual representations to improve students' understanding of formal computational procedures.
- Provide opportunities for students to use estimation to predict or judge the reasonableness of answers to problems involving computation with fractions.
- Address common misconceptions regarding computational procedures with fractions.
- Present real-world contexts with plausible numbers for problems that involve computing with fractions.

Recommendation 4.

Develop students' conceptual understanding of strategies for solving ratio, rate, and proportion problems before exposing them to cross-multiplication as a procedure to use to solve such problems.

- Develop students' understanding of proportional relations before teaching computational procedures that are conceptually difficult to understand (e.g., cross-multiplication). Build on students' developing strategies for solving ratio, rate, and proportion problems.
- Encourage students to use visual representations to solve ratio, rate, and proportion problems.
- Provide opportunities for students to use and discuss alternative strategies for solving ratio, rate, and proportion problems.

Recommendation 5.

Professional development programs should place a high priority on improving teachers' understanding of fractions and of how to teach them.

- Build teachers' depth of understanding of fractions and computational procedures involving fractions.
- Prepare teachers to use varied pictorial and concrete representations of fractions and fraction operations.
- Develop teachers' ability to assess students' understandings and misunderstandings of fractions.